

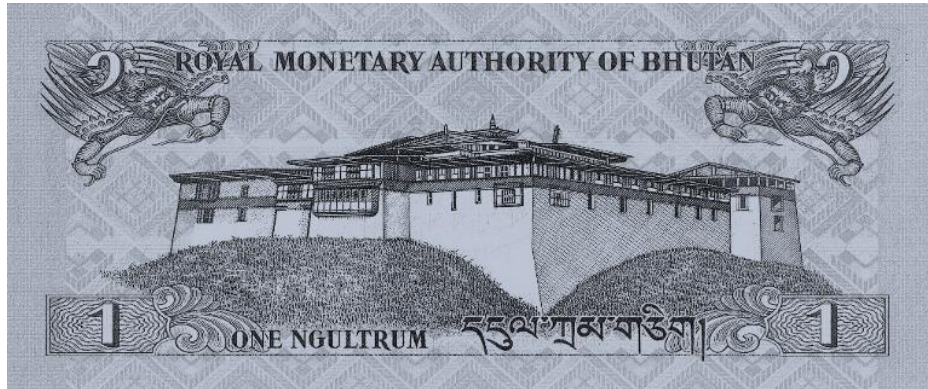
SECTION A [30 MARKS]
ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

Question 1

[15]

- a) For each question, there are FOUR responses, A, B, C, and D. Choose the corresponding letter of your response and CIRCLE it neatly. NO score will be awarded if you circle more than ONE letter.

(Use the image given below to answer question I)



- i. The medieval dzong shown in the image is
 - A Trongsa Dzong.
 - B Rinpung Dzong.
 - C Punakha Dzong.
 - D Simtokha Dzong.
- ii. The Rangjung Kharsapani, a self-arisen image represents
 - A Chenrezig.
 - B Songtsen Gampo.
 - C Tshangpa Gyarey.
 - D Kuenkhen Pema Karpo.
- iii. Political party is a group of individuals sharing common
 - A ideology.
 - B character.
 - C personality.
 - D qualification.
- iv. In 1851, Trongsa Droenyer Jigme Namgyel earned heroic name after overcoming Migthoe and Chakpa Sangye at Punakha. The name 'Jigme Namgyel' signifies
 - A strong and fearless.
 - B victorious and strong.
 - C fearless and victorious.
 - D intelligent and fearless.

- v. The endorsement of the historic Genja in 1907 signifies Ugyen Wangchuck's
- A fame and supremacy.
 - B success as Trongsa Poenlop.
 - C declaration as the first Druk Gyalpo.
 - D victory in the battle of Changlingmithang.
- vi. The major feature that differentiates Bon-kar from Bon-nag is
- A appeasing deities.
 - B offering of live animals.
 - C practising animal sacrifice.
 - D practising of folklore as a culture.
- vii. A citizen's right to vote and elect their representative is an element of
- A civic domain.
 - B cultural domain.
 - C political domain.
 - D socio-economic domain.
- viii. A historian uses *Boedra* and *Zhungdra* as a reference to gather information about Dzongs. Which category of sources is he/she using?
- I. Primary Source
 - II. Material Source
 - III. Secondary Source
 - IV. Non- material Source
- A I and II
 - B I and IV
 - C II and III
 - D III and IV
- ix. Where did the Homo sapiens, commonly known as modern humans originate?
- A China
 - B Africa
 - C France
 - D Germany
- x. The Greek words, "demos" meaning *people* and "cratia" meaning *power* and *rule*" best explains the
- A capitalist form of government.
 - B totalitarian form of government.
 - C communist form of government.
 - D democratic form of government.

- xi. The Eight-Fold path essentially is for
- A Striving for a peaceful existence.
 - B Daily practices prescribed for Buddhists.
 - C Steps taken by Buddhists to achieve nirvana.
 - D An yearly journey required for Buddhists to undertake.
- xii. Azhi Tsonдру Lhamo is known as the patron of
- A dharma.
 - B environment.
 - C traditional weaving.
 - D spiritual and cultural heritage.
- xiii. Which is the correct chronological order of events in Zhabdrung Ngawang Namgyal's life?
- I. Left Tibet for Bhutan.
 - II. Met his teacher Lhawang Lodroe.
 - III. Took Genyen Dampa (lay Buddhist vows).
 - IV. Enthroned as the 18th chief abbot of Druk Ralung monastery.
- A I, II, III, IV
 - B II, III, IV, I
 - C IV, II, III, I
 - D III, II, I, IV
- xiv. Which of the following best describes one of the primary purposes of religion?
- A Establishing moral guidelines to guide behavior.
 - B Encouraging isolation and exclusivity from society.
 - C Cultivating a competitive mindset among followers.
 - D Promoting a sense of superiority over other belief systems.
- xv. Which of the following socio-religious influences impacted the lives of Bhutanese after the arrival of Nyingma and Drukpa Kagyud?
- I. Spiritual and cultural advancement of Bhutan
 - II. Animistic and shamanistic orientations disappeared
 - III. Drukpa Kagyud became the state religion of Bhutan
 - IV. Minor traditions integrated either into Nyingma or Drukpa Kagyu
- A I, II, III
 - B I, II, IV
 - C I, III, IV
 - D II, III, IV

- b) Read each statement carefully and CIRCLE the correct alternative True/False in the bracket. [5]**

i.	Dzongs in our country are used as centres for both spiritual and secular purposes. (True/False)	
ii.	Respecting communities and diversity are important for every individual and community at large. (True/False)	
iii.	Drukpa Kagyud was first introduced in Bhutan with the arrival of Zhabdrung Ngawang Namgyal. (True/False)	
iv.	Totalitarianism and authoritarianism support the use of force to gain power. (True/False)	
v.	The Battle of Changlingmithang marks the end of civil war in Bhutan. (True/False)	

- c) Read the following statements carefully and fill in the blanks by using the most appropriate words given in the box. [5]**

evolution	logos	Zimnang	Kuenga Rabten	rights
manifesto	Wangduecholing	duties	zimgarp	bipedalism

i.	The first royal palace built in Bumthang was named as.....	
ii.	Jigme Namgyel's promotion to the post of assistant to Chamberlain meant that he became a	
iii.	The public declaration of intentions and plans of the political parties are called	
iv.	The gradual process through which the species like ape's ability to walk upright is known as.....	
v.	Article 8 of the constitution of Bhutan enshrines about a Bhutanese citizen's fundamental.....	

- d) Match each item under column I with the most appropriate items in column II. Write the correct letter against the number in the space provided under the 'answer' column. [5]

Answer	Column A	Column B
i.	i. The central statue of Jampa Lhakhang in Bumthang.	a. Zhabdrung Ngawang Namgyal
ii.	ii. The founder of Four Noble Truths.	b. Jowo Jampa
iii.	iii. The first arrival of Drukpa Kagyud is associated to	c. Lam Jangchub Tsondu
iv.	iv. Designed the Raven headed helmet- proto type of the Raven Crown.	d. Gongsu Ugyen Wangchuck
v.	v. Insignia of the Knight Commander of the Indian Empire.	e. Phajo Drugom Zhigpo
		f. Gongzim Ugyen Dorji
		g. Shakyamuni

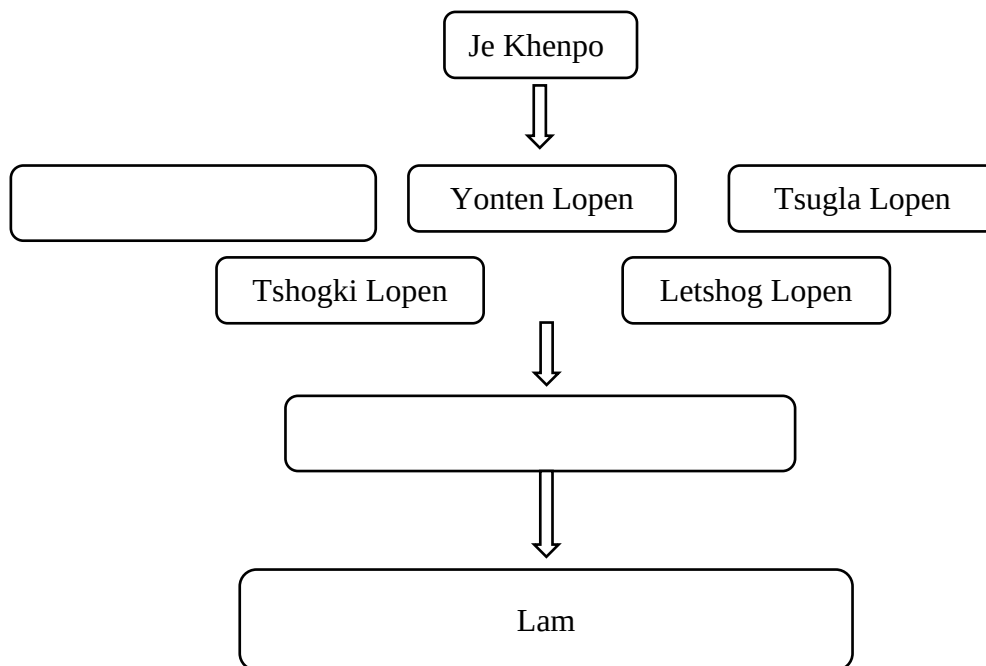
Question 2

- i. With reference to Dzongs as 'The Faithful Sentinels of the Land', complete the given table. [3]

Time Period	Dzongs	Purposes
Early Medieval	i.....	Monastic
ii.....	Punakha	Spiritual/Secular
Modern	Kuenga Rabten	iii.....

ii. Complete the empty boxes below to show the structure of *Zhung Dratshang*.

[2]



iii. Examine any **TWO** methods implemented by Jigme Namgyel to suppress the rebellions.

[2]

- iv. Write **THREE** evidences to prove that Buddhism was practised in Bhutan before the arrival of Guru Rinpoche.

[3]

Question 3

- i. How would you express appreciation to Zhabdrung Ngawang Namgyal for his role in shaping the distinctive national identity of Bhutan? Mention **THREE** points.

[3]

- ii. How did Gongsa Ugyen Wangchuck build on his father Jigme Namgyel's legacy? [2]
State **TWO** points.

- iii. Democracy is considered the best form of governance system. Do you agree? [2]
Justify with **TWO** points.

iv. State whether the following are material or non-material sources of history. [3]

Ideas	
Namcha	
Television news	

Question 4

i. Highlight **THREE** ways to promote cultural diversity in your community. [3]

- ii. Fill in the table below with appropriate differences for the given features. [2]

Features	Stone Age	Modern Day
Tools		
Food		

- iii. How can you promote love, compassion, and truthfulness within your community through religious activities? Write **THREE** activities. [3]

- iv. How has the forms of government changed with change in time? Support with **TWO** points. [2]

Question 5

- i. Is it wise to make Paro Takshang easily accessible for pilgrimages? Support your stand with **THREE** reasons. [3]

- ii. Elections is important in democratic form of government. State **TWO** importance of election.

[2]

- iii. With the help of symbols given in the box, complete the crossword puzzle.

[2]

--	--	--

- iv. If you were tasked with mediating the disagreement between Zhabdrung Ngawang Namgyal and the Tsang Desi, how would you have settled the issue? Write **THREE** ways. [3]

Question 6

- i. In 1865, Jigme Namgyel played a notable role in bringing all the country's leaders together to defend against common enemy. With reference to this, what inspiration can you draw from Jigme Namgyel. Write **THREE** points. [3]

- ii. As one of the candidates for the post of school captain, prepare **TWO** *manifestos* that you would like to declare during the election campaign.

[2]

- iii. Identify any **TWO** inventions of early humans and explain how it has impacted the modern world?

[2]

iv. The following are events in the life of Gongsu Ugyen Wangchuck. Write them correctly under the relevant headings in the spaces provided. [3]

- Signed treaty of Punakha
- Negotiated a treaty of Potala
- Married Azhi Tsonдру Lhamo
- Visited Delhi, India for the first time
- Established school at Wangduecholing Palace in Bumthang
- Received the Insignia of the Knight Commander of the Indian Empire

Before enthronement	After enthronement

